

Questions

1. Assuming x , y , and z are positive, use properties of logarithms to write the expression as a single logarithm.

$$3 \ln(x^3 y) + 2 \ln(yz^2) - \ln(xyz)$$

2. Sketch the function $f(x) = 5 \ln(1 - x) - 4$ by transforming the basic function $y = \ln x$. Then analyze it for domain, range, continuity, increasing or decreasing behaviour, symmetry, boundedness, extrema, asymptotes, and end behaviour.

Solutions

1. Assuming x , y , and z are positive, use properties of logarithms to write the expression as a single logarithm.

$$3 \ln(x^3 y) + 2 \ln(yz^2) - \ln(xyz)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \ln(x^3 y) + 2 \ln(yz^2) - \ln(xyz) &= \ln((x^3 y)^3) + \ln((yz^2)^2) - \ln(xyz) \\ &= \ln(x^9 y^3) + \ln(y^2 z^4) - \ln(xyz) \\ &= \ln((x^9 y^3)(y^2 z^4)) - \ln(xyz) \\ &= \ln(x^9 y^5 z^4) - \ln(xyz) \\ &= \ln\left(\frac{x^9 y^5 z^4}{xyz}\right) \\ &= \ln(x^8 y^4 z^3) \end{aligned}$$

2. Sketch the function $f(x) = 5 \ln(1 - x) - 4$ by transforming the basic function $y = \ln x$. Then analyze it for domain, range, continuity, increasing or decreasing behaviour, symmetry, boundedness, extrema, asymptotes, and end behaviour.

Here are the algebraic representations of the transformations:

Basic function: $y = f(x) = \ln x$.

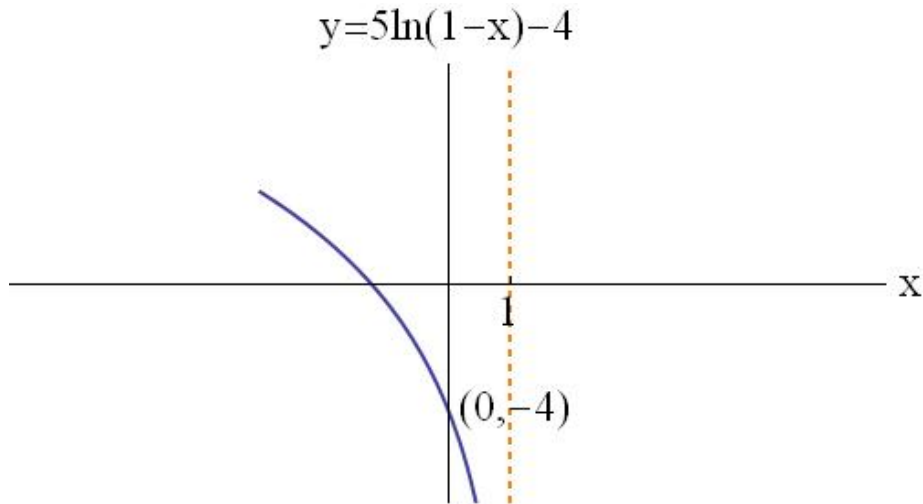
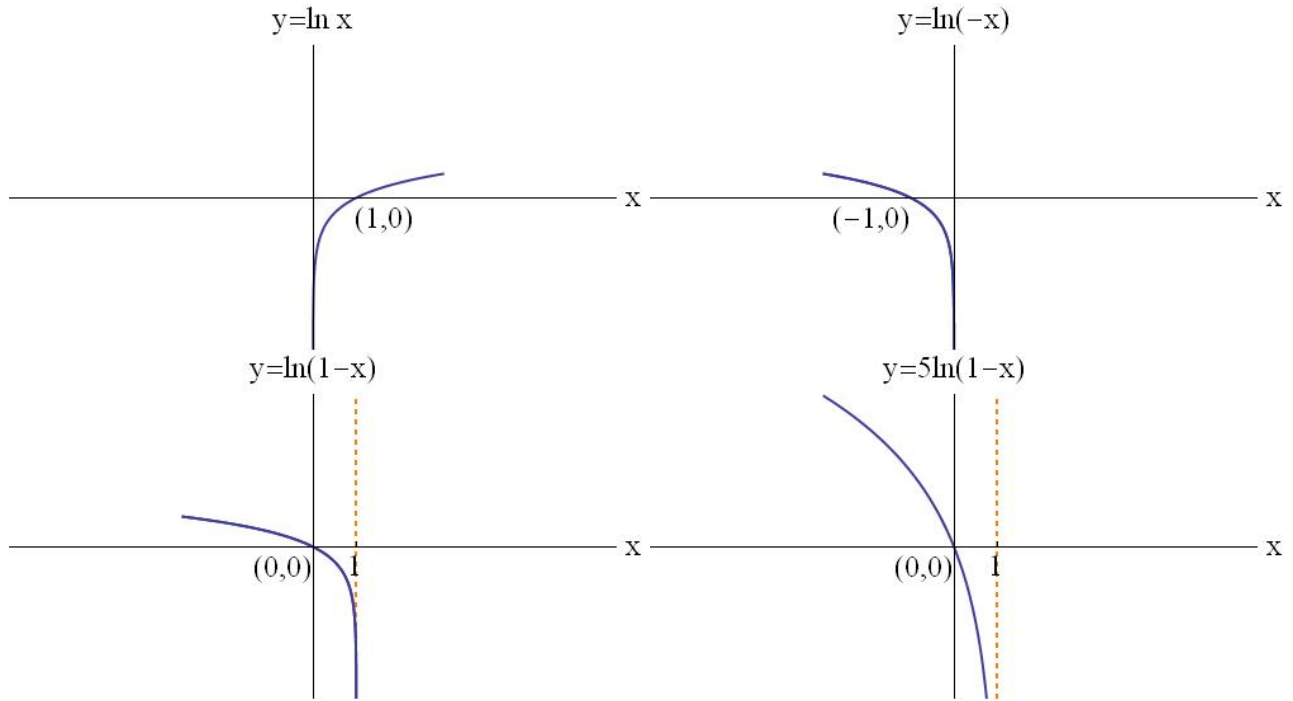
Flip about the y -axis: $y = f(-x) = \ln(-x)$.

Shift right 1 unit: $y = f(1 - x) = \ln(1 - x)$. (normally adding one would be a shift left, but since the x has a minus sign this is a shift right)

Stretch vertically by a factor of 5: $y = 5f(1 - x) = 5 \ln(1 - x)$.

Shift down by a factor of 4: $y = 5f(1 - x) - 4 = 5 \ln(1 - x) - 4$.

Here are the sketches:



Domain: $x \in (-\infty, 1)$

Range: $y \in (-\infty, \infty)$

Continuity: continuous for all x in the domain, $x \in (-\infty, 1)$

Increasing-decreasing behaviour: decreasing for all $x \in (-\infty, 1)$

Symmetry: none

Boundedness: not bounded

Local Extrema: none

Horizontal Asymptotes: none

Vertical Asymptotes: $x = 1$

End behaviour: $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (5\ln(1-x) - 4) = \infty$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (5\ln(1-x) - 4)$ is not defined.