## Questions

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find two other pairs of polar coordinates of this point, one with $r>0$ and one with $r<0$.
(a) $\left(1, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
(b) $\left(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
(c) $(3,2)$

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find the Cartesian coordinates of that point.
Example Find a Cartesian equation for the curve described by the polar equation $r^{2}=\sin 2 \theta$.

## Solutions

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find two other pairs of polar coordinates of this point, one with $r>0$ and one with $r<0$.
(a) $\left(1, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
(b) $\left(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
(c) $(3,2)$
(a) The Cartesian equivalent is $x=0, y=1$. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $\left(1, \frac{5 \pi}{2}\right),\left(-1, \frac{3 \pi}{2}\right)$.



(b) The Cartesian equivalent is $x=-\sqrt{2}, y=-\sqrt{2}$. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $\left(-2, \frac{9 \pi}{4}\right)$, $\left(2, \frac{5 \pi}{4}\right)$.



(c) The Cartesian equivalent is $x=-1.248, y=2.727$. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $(3,2+2 \pi)$, $(-3,2+P i)$.


Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find the Cartesian coordinates of that point.
(a) $\left(3, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
(b) $\left(2 \sqrt{2}, \frac{3 \pi}{4}\right)$
(c) $\left(-1, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$




Example Find a Cartesian equation for the curve described by the polar equation $r^{2}=\sin 2 \theta$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
r^{2} & =\sin 2 \theta \\
x^{2}+y^{2} & =2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\
x^{2}+y^{2} & =2\left(\frac{y}{r}\right)\left(\frac{x}{r}\right) \\
r^{2}\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right) & =2 x y \\
\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right) & =2 x y \\
\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)^{2} & =2 x y
\end{aligned}
$$

