Questions

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find two other pairs of polar coordinates of this point, one with r > 0 and one with r < 0.

(a)
$$\left(1, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 (b) $\left(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ (c) $(3, 2)$

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find the Cartesian coordinates of that point.

Example Find a Cartesian equation for the curve described by the polar equation $r^2 = \sin 2\theta$.

Solutions

Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find two other pairs of polar coordinates of this point, one with r > 0 and one with r < 0.

(a) $\left(1, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ (b) $\left(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ (c) (3, 2)

(a) The Cartesian equivalent is x = 0, y = 1. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $\left(1, \frac{5\pi}{2}\right), \left(-1, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$.



(b) The Cartesian equivalent is $x = -\sqrt{2}$, $y = -\sqrt{2}$. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $\left(-2, \frac{9\pi}{4}\right)$, $\left(2, \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$.



(c) The Cartesian equivalent is x = -1.248, y = 2.727. This point can also be written in polar coordinates as $(3, 2 + 2\pi)$, (-3, 2 + Pi).



Example Plot the point whose polar coordinates are given. Then find the Cartesian coordinates of that point.

(a)
$$\left(3, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 (b) $\left(2\sqrt{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$ (c) $\left(-1, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$



Example Find a Cartesian equation for the curve described by the polar equation $r^2 = \sin 2\theta$.

$$r^{2} = \sin 2\theta$$

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$$

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 2\left(\frac{y}{r}\right)\left(\frac{x}{r}\right)$$

$$r^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2}) = 2xy$$

$$(x^{2} + y^{2})(x^{2} + y^{2}) = 2xy$$

$$(x^{2} + y^{2})^{2} = 2xy$$