Factoring polynomials is the distributive property done in reverse! To check your answers, use the distributive property to multiply our your final answer.

## Questions

1. Remove the largest possible common factor from $3 a^{2}+3 a$.
2. Remove the largest possible common factor from $12 x y-18 y z-36 x z$.
3. Remove the largest possible common factor from $16 x^{5}+24 x^{3}-32 x^{2}$.
4. Remove the largest possible common factor from $36 x^{6}+45 x^{4}-18 x^{2}$.
5. Factor $7 a(x+2 y)-b(x+2 y)$.
6. Factor $3 b\left(y^{2}-x\right)-4 a\left(y^{2}-x\right)+6 c\left(y^{2}-x\right)$.
7. Factor $3 c(b c-3 a)-2(b c-3 a)-6 b(b c-3 a)$.
8. Find a formula for the total cost of all purchases by four people. Each person went to the local wholesale warehouse and spent $\$ 29.95$ per item. Harry bought $a$ items, Tim bought $b$ items, Larry bought $c$ items and Dougie bought $d$ items. Write the formula in factored form.

## Solutions

1. Largest numerical factor is 3 . Largest variable factor is $a$. Write each term with the factor 3a.

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 a^{2}+3 a & =3 a(a)+3 a(1) \text { preparing to factor } \\
& =3 a(a+1) \text { factor }
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Largest numerical factor is 6 . There is no variable factor. Write each term with the factor 6 .

$$
\begin{aligned}
12 x y-18 y z-36 x z & =6(2 x y)-6(3 y z)-6(6 x z) \text { preparing to factor } \\
& =6(2 x y-3 y z-6 x z) \text { factor }
\end{aligned}
$$

3. Largest numerical factor is 8 . Largest variable factor is $x^{2}$. Write each term with the factor $8 x^{2}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
16 x^{5}+24 x^{3}-32 x^{2} & =8 x^{2}\left(2 x^{3}\right)+8 x^{2}(3 x)-8 x^{2}(4) \\
& =8 x^{2}\left(2 x^{3}+3 x-4\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

4. Largest numerical factor is 9 . Largest variable factor is $x^{2}$. Write each term with the factor $9 x^{2}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
36 x^{6}+45 x^{4}-18 x^{2} & =9 x^{2}\left(4 x^{4}\right)+9 x^{2}\left(5 x^{2}\right)-9 x^{2}(2) \\
& =9 x^{2}\left(4 x^{4}+5 x^{2}-2\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Identify common factor in each term. Each term has a common factor of $x+2 y$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
7 a(x+2 y)-b(x+2 y) & =7 a(x+2 y)-b(x+2 y) \\
& =(7 a-b)(x+2 y)
\end{aligned}
$$

6. Identify common factor in each term. Each term has a common factor of $y^{2}-x$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 b\left(y^{2}-x\right)-4 a\left(y^{2}-x\right)+6 c\left(y^{2}-x\right) & =3 b\left(y^{2}-x\right)-4 a\left(y^{2}-x\right)+6 c\left(y^{2}-x\right) \\
& =(3 b-4 a+6 c)\left(y^{2}-x\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

7. Identify common factor in each term. Each term has a common factor of $b c-3 a$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 c(b c-3 a)-2(b c-3 a)-6 b(b c-3 a) & =3 c(b c-3 a)-2(b c-3 a)-6 b(b c-3 a) \\
& =(3 c-2-6 b)(b c-3 a)
\end{aligned}
$$

8. cost $=\$ 29.95(a+b+c+d)$.
